

English Assessment Framework: Year 5



On track to be expected for Year 5 ARE	Autumn	Spring	Summer	GDS extra challenge
Composition (Non- Fiction)	 Builds paragraphs around topics with or without subheadings Select words for effect including appropriate topic words Use own reading and models to support organisation of NF writing 	 Links ideas across paragraphs using cohesion e.g. adverbials – secondly, similarly, however Selects appropriate layout for diary, letters, reports and work in science 	 Builds cohesion within and across paragraphs with use of pronouns, conjunctions and adverbs Can begin to use a more formal style of writing Makes effective editing changes 	Draw on independent reading for models and ideas.
Composition (Fiction)	 Builds paragraphs around changes in time and place Develop settings by selecting descriptive words for effect including similes and metaphors Develop characters through vocabulary and dialogue Uses own reading, what is listened to and what is modelled to support development of character, setting and atmosphere 	 Links ideas across paragraphs using cohesion e.g. adverbials – later, meanwhile, nearby Uses own reading, what is listened to and what is modelled to support development of character, setting and atmosphere Edits own work to improve writing 	 Builds cohesion within and across paragraphs with use of pronouns, conjunctions and adverbs Uses dialogue to develop characters Uses description including figurative language to develop setting Makes effective editing changes 	Distinguish between the language of speech and writing.
Punctuation	 Use apostrophes for singular & plural possession mostly independently Punctuate direct speech with few errors Use ! and ? to mark exclamations and questions Mark sentences with capital letters and full stops consistently and use capital letters for proper nouns Use commas to mark fronted adverbials including fronted subordinate clauses 	 Can use brackets to indicate additional information Can use commas to mark relative clauses when a relative pronoun is used Uses commas to clarify meaning building on understanding of FA, SC and RC 	 Can use dashes to add comments or asides Chooses brackets, dashes or commas to mark parenthesis Uses commas to clarify meaning building on understanding of FA, SC and RC 	Use a range of punctuation including colons correctly.
Grammar	 Understand and use subordinate clauses and recognise subordinating conjunctions Understand fronted adverbials and use FA of time, place, reason and manner Recognise determiners and nouns in a noun phrase Expand noun phrases with adjectives and prepositional phrases 	 Can use modal verbs to persuade and predict Can use adverbs of possibility Understands and uses relative clauses Uses and understands FA, SC, ENP Can differentiate between present perfect and simple tense 	 Can use modal verbs to persuade and predict Can use adverbs of possibility Understands and uses relative clauses Uses and understands FA, SC, ENP 	Exercise assured control over levels of formality, particularly through manipulating grammar.
Transcription	 Use a thesaurus to help with word choices Spell most Y3/4 words correctly 	 Joins handwriting legibly Use a thesaurus to help with word choices Makes choices over presentation in different writing opportunities 	 Joins handwriting legibly Chooses what standard of writing is appropriate e.g. for notes, presentation, labelling 	



English Long-Term Plan: Year 5 Cycle B



	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Rich Texts	The Nowhere EmporiumRooftoppers	Room 13Pig Heart Boy	The Boy at the Back of the ClassCan You See Me?	
Fiction Writing	DescriptionNarrativeSpooky Writing	DescriptionNarrativePoetry – lambic Pentameter	DescriptionNarrativePoetry – Ottava Rima	
Non-Fiction Writing	NewspaperPersuasive AdvertRecount	Information Text Persuasive Letter	Balanced ArgumentPersuasive SpeechExplanation	
Punctuation	 apostrophes for singular & plural Parenthesis Commas to mark FA and SC direct speech , ? "a"! 	 Brackets for additional information Commas to mark relative clauses Apostrophe for contraction – focus on its and it's. 	 Dashes for parenthesis Develop character through dialogue 	
Grammar	 Revise subordinate clauses Revise fronted adverbials Revise expanded noun phrases Teach relative clauses and pronouns Modal verbs to indicate degrees of possibility Adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility 	 Modal verbs to indicate degrees of possibility Adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility Common, proper, abstract nouns 	 Use adverbs, conjunctions and pronouns to build cohesion Articles, quantifiers, demonstrative, possessive determiners 	